

Pointer for Calibration Scale.—Improvise a pointer for the calibration scale by fastening a piece of wire to the gang-condenser frame, and bend the wire so that it points to the "180" mark on the calibration scale when the plates are fully meshed.

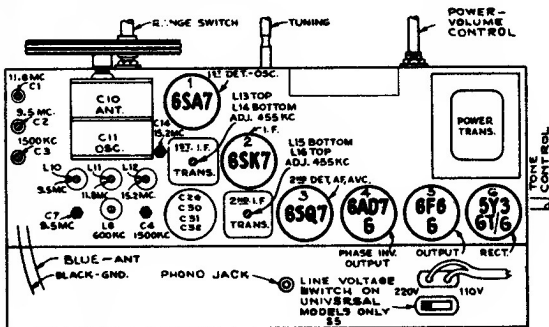
Dial-Indicator Adjustment.—After fastening the chassis in the cabinet, attach the dial indicator to the drive cable with indicator at the 540 kc mark (the first mark on "A" band to the left of "550"), and gang condenser fully meshed. The indicator has a spring clip for attachment to the cable.

Spread-Band Alignment.—The most satisfactory method of aligning or checking the spread-band ranges is on actual reception of short-wave stations of known frequency, by adjusting the magnetite-core oscillator coil for each spread-band so that these stations come in at the correct points on the dial.

In exceptional cases, when the set is being serviced in a location where the noise level is high enough to prevent reception of short-wave stations, a test-oscillator may be used for alignment, but an extremely high degree of accuracy is required in the frequency settings of the test-oscillator, as a slight error will produce considerable inaccuracy on the spread-band dials. The frequency settings of the test-oscillator may be checked by one or both of the following methods:

1. Determine the exact dial settings of the test-oscillator (for frequencies at or close to the specified alignment frequencies) by zero-beating the test-oscillator against short-wave stations of known frequency.
2. Use harmonics of the standard-broadcast range of a test-oscillator, first checking the frequency settings on this range by means of a crystal-controlled oscillator, or by zero-beating against standard broadcast stations.

When a test oscillator is employed for spread-band alignment, a final check should be made on actual reception of short-wave stations of known frequency, and the magnetite-core oscillator coil for each band should be retouched so that the stations come in at the correct points on the dial.



RCA MODELS Q22A & Q32

Chassis No. RC-507—Mfr. No. 274

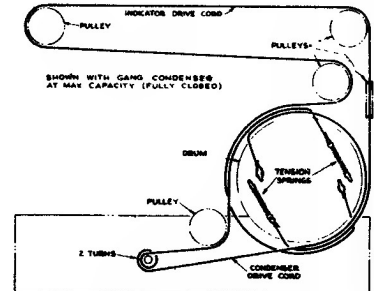
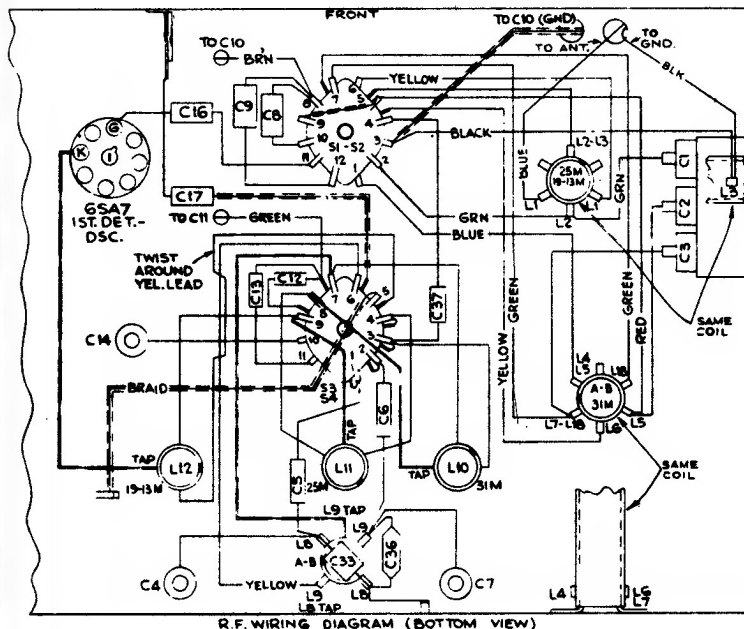
| Steps | Connect the high side of the test-osc. to— | Tune test-osc. to— | Range switch | Turn radio dial to— | Adjust the following for max. peak output | |
|-------|--|----------------------|--------------|--------------------------|---|-------------|
| 1 | 6SK7 I-F grid in series with .01 mfd. | | | | L15 and L16 2nd I-F Trans. | |
| 2 | 6SA7 1st Det. grid in series with .01 mfd. | 455 kc | A | Quiet Point near 180° | L13 and L14 1st I-F Trans. | |
| 3 | Ant. lead in series with 300 ohms | 11.8 mc | 25 M | 138.5° | L11 (osc.)** C1 (ant.) | |
| 4 | | 15.2 mc | | | 17° | C14 (osc.)* |
| 5 | | Repeat steps 3 and 4 | | | | |
| 6 | | 15.2 mc | 19-13 M | 158° | L12 (osc.)** | |
| 7 | Ant. lead in series with 200 mfd. | 9.5 mc | 31 M | 158° | L10 (osc.)** C2 (ant.) | |
| 8 | | 9.5 mc | B | 11.5° | C7 (osc.)*** | |
| 9 | | 1,500 kc | A | 28° | C4 (osc.) C3 (ant.) | |
| 10 | 600 kc | 150° | | L8 (osc.) (Rock gang) | | |
| 11 | Repeat steps 9 and 10 | | | | | |

* Use minimum capacity peak if two can be obtained. Check image to determine that C14 has been adjusted to the correct peak by tuning receiver to approximately 14.29 mc (29°) where a weaker signal should be received.

** If two peaks can be obtained use the one obtained when the core screw is farthest out (counter-clockwise).

*** Peak at minimum capacity if two peaks can be obtained.

NOTE: Oscillator tracks above signal on all bands.



Dial-Indicator and Drive Mechanism

